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# THE CONSTITUTION, THE PROBLEMS OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE WAYS TO SOLVE THEM

## PET'KO Volodymyr

Senior Lecturer in Public Administration and Administration Kherson State Agrarian University e-mail: kaf\_public@ksau.kherson.ua

#### **YARMOLENKO** Vitalina

Assistant at the Department of Economics and Finance State Pedagogical University "Kherson State Agrarian University" e-mail: vitalina.yarmolenko2016@gmail.com

**Abstract.** The article analyzes the dynamics of formation of united territorial communities in the context of orientation of the national economy to foreign experience. It is proved that united territorial communities are the basis for forming a new policy of sustainable development of the territories of Ukraine. After the completion of the meeting, it was reinstated, but for the rest of the fate, the lawmakers and normative acts were taken, as well as the regulation of the problem of nutrition, the process of formulating and developing effective, strained territorial communities.

The problems of development of united territorial communities are considered and the ways of their solution are determined. The experience of finding and raising funds for socio-economic development has been studied. Measures that are expedient to be undertaken by communities to increase the investment attractiveness of the territory are justified.

Keywords: united territorial communities, decentralization, formation, resource provision.

The development of a social, legal, democratic state in the context of decentralization and constitutional reform in Ukraine, determines the corresponding processes of building a local government institution, the primary subject of which is the territorial community. Today, the functioning of the national economy is guided by the European principles of growth, and an effective socially oriented state policy is being implemented.

The largest number of LTEs was created in Ternopil (36 LTE), Dnipropetrovsk (34 LTE), Zhytomyr (32 LTE), Khmelnitsky (26 LTE), Lviv (25 LTE), Vinnytsia and Zaporizhia (24 LTE). The total share of the first three of these regions is a quarter (24.6%) of all the country's FTAs. At the same time, some regions are significantly lagging behind in the process of OGT formation, among them Kiev (2 OTG), Kharkiv and Transcarpathian (5 OTG) regions.

The experience of foreign countries suggests that in determining decentralization measures, it is necessary to take into account the principle of subsidiarity, which largely characterizes and discloses the content of this process at the present stage of society. This principle creates the basis for the decentralization of public authority, since it involves the transfer of decision-making powers from central to lower organizational levels.

A number of problems have emerged in the formation of communities, the most important of which are the following:

- the problem of the perceptions of reform by the inhabitants of the united territories;

- the problem of inconsistency of powers between the executive authorities, local self-government bodies, governing bodies in the ATG, district councils and district state administrations;

- significant lack of quality staff, low qualification of local self-government employees;

- the problem of state control over the activity of local self-government needs special attention;

- The main problem that is of concern to members of rural and urban communities today is the land problem.

To solve these problems it is necessary to provide:

1) review and formulate a perspective plan for the integration of territorial communities with the maximum consideration of geographical, cultural, ethnic and other specificities of the communities;

2) information support for the process of integration of territorial communities;

3) conducting training seminars for local government officials and the public on various aspects of reform. At the same time, communities, self-government bodies, public associations and activists themselves should not wait for an invitation but actively participate in the process of reforming local self-government bodies.

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